

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Friday 13 October 2023

Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper
reference

WMA12/01

Mathematics

**International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level
Pure Mathematics P2**

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 10 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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1. Given that a , b and c are integers greater than 0 such that

- $c = 3a + 1$
- $a + b + c = 15$

prove, by exhaustion, that the product abc is always a multiple of 4

You may use the table below to illustrate your answer.

(3)

You may not need to use all rows of this table.

a	b	c	abc



Question 1 continued

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(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)



P 7 4 3 1 9 A 0 3 3 2

2. A sequence u_1, u_2, u_3, \dots is defined by

$$u_1 = 3$$

$$u_{n+1} = 2 - \frac{4}{u_n}$$

(a) Find the value of u_2 , the value of u_3 and the value of u_4

(3)

(b) Find the value of

$$\sum_{r=1}^{100} u_r$$

(2)



Question 2 continued

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)

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3.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

- (a) Solve, for $0 < \theta \leq 360^\circ$ the equation

$$2 \tan \theta + 3 \sin \theta = 0$$

giving your answers, as appropriate, to one decimal place.

(5)

- (b) Hence, or otherwise, find the smallest positive solution of

$$2 \tan(2x + 40^\circ) + 3 \sin(2x + 40^\circ) = 0$$

giving your answer to one decimal place.

(2)



4.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

$$f(x) = 4x^3 + ax^2 - 29x + b$$

where a and b are constants.

Given that $(2x + 1)$ is a factor of $f(x)$,

(a) show that

$$a + 4b = -56 \quad (2)$$

Given also that when $f(x)$ is divided by $(x - 2)$ the remainder is -25

(b) find a second simplified equation linking a and b . (2)

(c) Hence, using algebra and showing your working,

(i) find the value of a and the value of b ,

(ii) fully factorise $f(x)$. (5)



Question 4 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 4.

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5. In this question you must show all stages of your working.
Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(i) Solve

$$3^a = 70$$

giving the answer to 3 decimal places.

(2)

(ii) Find the exact value of b such that

$$4 + 3 \log_3 b = \log_3 5b$$

(4)



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Question 5 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 5.

(Total for Question 5 is 6 marks)



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6.

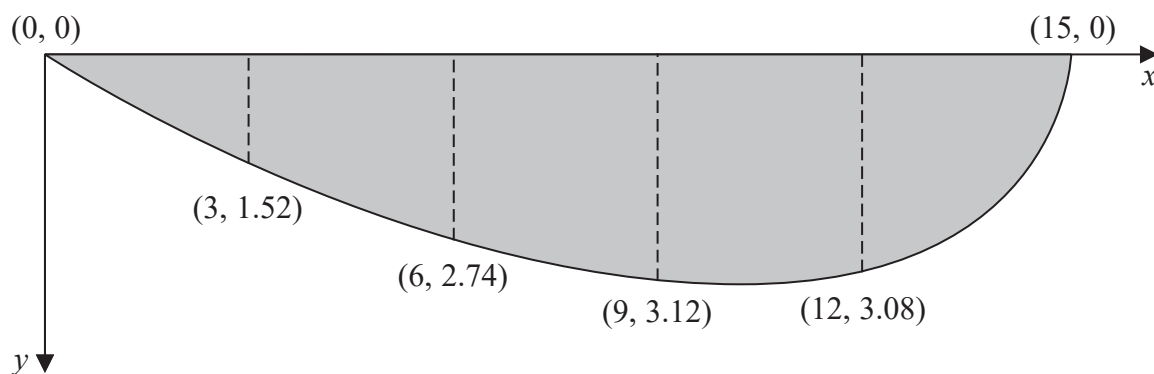


Figure 1

A river is being studied.

At one particular place, the river is 15 m wide.

The depth, y metres, of the river is measured at a point x metres from one side of the river.

Figure 1 shows a plot of the cross-section of the river and the coordinate values (x, y)

- (a) Use the trapezium rule with all the y values given in Figure 1 to estimate the cross-sectional area of the river. (3)

The water in the river is modelled as flowing at a constant speed of 1.5 m s^{-1} across the whole of the cross-section.

- (b) Use the model and the answer to part (a) to estimate the volume of water flowing through this section of the river each minute, giving your answer in m^3 to 2 significant figures. (2)

Assuming the model,

- (c) state, giving a reason for your answer, whether your answer for part (b) is an overestimate or an underestimate of the true volume of water flowing through this section of the river each minute. (1)



7.

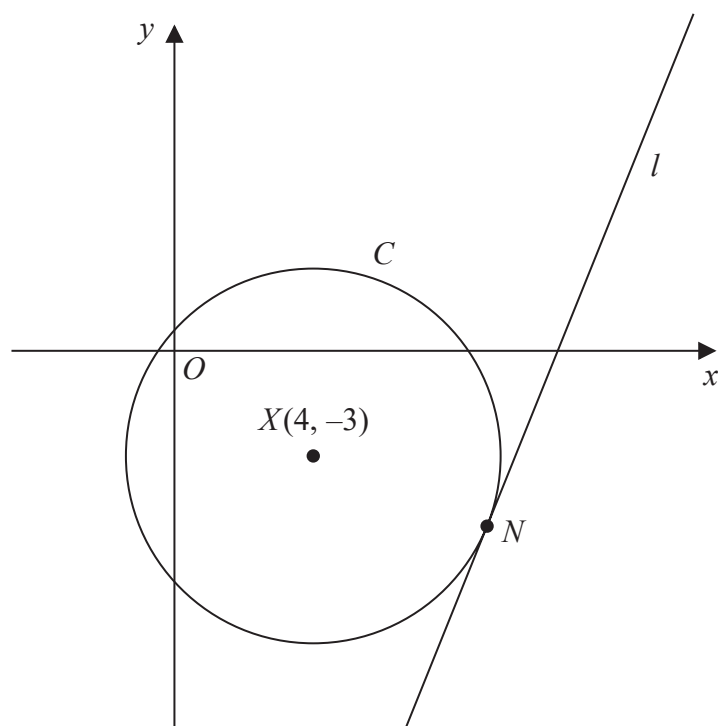


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of

- the circle C with centre $X(4, -3)$
- the line l with equation $y = \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{55}{2}$

Given that l is the tangent to C at the point N ,

(a) show that an equation for the straight line passing through X and N is

$$2x + 5y + 7 = 0 \quad (3)$$

(b) Hence find

- the coordinates of N ,
- an equation for C .

(5)



Question 7 continued

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8. In a large theatre there are n rows of seats, where n is a constant.

The number of seats in the first row is a , where a is a constant.

In each subsequent row there are 4 more seats than in the previous row so that

- in the 2nd row there are $(a + 4)$ seats
- in the 3rd row there are $(a + 8)$ seats
- the number of seats in each row form an **arithmetic** sequence

Given that the **total** number of seats in the first 10 rows is 360

(a) find the value of a .

(2)

Given also that the total number of seats in the n rows is 2146

(b) show that

$$n^2 + 8n - 1073 = 0$$

(2)

(c) Hence

- (i) state the number of rows of seats in the theatre,
- (ii) find the maximum number of seats in any one row.

(3)



Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

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(Total for Question 8 is 7 marks)



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9.

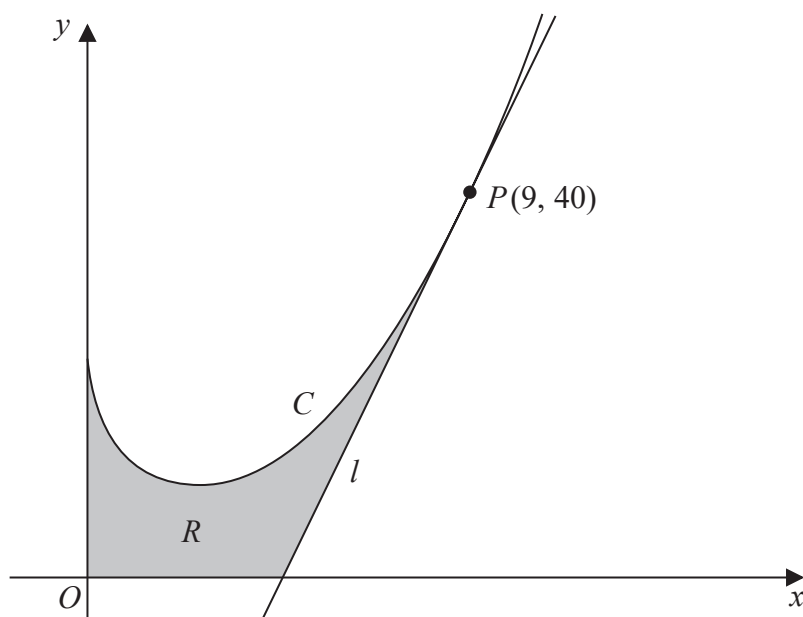


Figure 3

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

Figure 3 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with equation

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x^2 - 9\sqrt{x} + 13 \quad x \geq 0$$

(a) Find, using calculus, the range of values of x for which y is increasing.

(4)

The point P lies on C and has coordinates $(9, 40)$.

The line l is the tangent to C at the point P .

The finite region R , shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by the curve C , the line l , the x -axis and the y -axis.

(b) Find, using calculus, the exact area of R .

(8)



10. (i) (a) Find, in ascending powers of x , the 2nd, 3rd and 5th terms of the binomial expansion of

$$(3 + 2x)^6 \quad (3)$$

For a particular value of x , these three terms form consecutive terms in a geometric series.

(b) Find this value of x . (3)

(ii) In a **different** geometric series,

- the first term is $\sin^2 \theta$
- the common ratio is $2 \cos \theta$
- the sum to infinity is $\frac{8}{5}$

(a) Show that

$$5 \cos^2 \theta - 16 \cos \theta + 3 = 0 \quad (3)$$

(b) Hence find the exact value of the 2nd term in the series. (3)



