

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2019

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Decision Mathematics D1 (WDM01/01)

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
- **M** marks: method marks are awarded for `knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- **B** marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.
- 3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{}$ will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
- 4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
- 5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
- 6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:
 - If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.

- If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.
- 7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

Question Number	Scheme	Marks		
1. (a)	Bipartite (graph)	B1	(1)	
(b)	Alternating path: $C - 4 = F - 6 = A - 3 = B - 1$	M1		
	Change status: $C = 4 - F = 6 - A = 3 - B = 1$	A1		
	Improved matching: $A = 3$, $B = 1$, $C = 4$, $D = 5$, (E unmatched), $F = 6$	A1	(3)	
	SEE SPECIAL CASES BELOW FOR THOSE STARTING AT E OR FOR			
	THOSE CONSIDERING C TO 2			
(c)	e.g. C can only do task 4 so therefore F has to do task 6 (as F can only do 4 and	B1	(1)	
(0)	6) and so therefore E has no task to do (as E can only do task 6)		(-)	
	Alternating path: $E - 6 = F - 4 = C - 5 = D - 2$	M1		
(d)	Change status: $E = 6 - F = 4 - C = 5 - D = 2$	A1		
(u)	Complete matching: $A = 3$, $B = 1$, $C = 5$, $D = 2$, $E = 6$, $F = 4$	A1	(3)	
	Alternative solution for (d)			
	E - 6 = F - 4 = C - 5 = D - 3 = A - 2			
	Change Status: $E = 6 - F = 4 - C = 5 - D = 3 - A = 2$			
	Alternative complete matching: $A = 2$, $B = 1$, $C = 5$, $D = 3$, $E = 6$, $F = 4$			
		8 marks		
	Notes for Question 1			

a1B1: CAO - but be charitable on spelling, award if phonetically close

b1M1: An alternating path (e.g. letter 1^{st} set – number 2^{nd} set – letter 1^{st} set – ...) from C to 1 or vice-versa **b1A1:** CAO – a correct path including change status **either** stated (only accept 'change (of) status' **or** 'c.s' but not, e.g. 'change state') **or** shown (all symbols e.g. (...– ... = ...– ...) interchanged (... =– ... =)) Chosen path clear

b2A1: CAO (improved matching) must follow from the correct stated path. Accept either stated **or** on a clear diagram (with five arcs **only**). **Please check the top of the second page as many candidates will draw either the improved or complete matching on the nodes provided there**

c1B1: CAO - alternatives: The three workers C, E and F can only do the two activities 4 and 6 between them so one worker has no task. As a minimum must mention C, E, F together with 4 and 6 (give bod but B0 if incorrect statement) **or** workers A, B and D are the only three workers to cover the four tasks 1, 2, 3 and 5 so one task will not be completed. As a minimum must mention A, B, D together with 1, 2, 3 and 5 (give bod but B0 if incorrect statement)

d1M1: An alternating path from E to 2 (or vice-versa)

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d1A1: CAO – a correct path including change status stated **or** shown. Chosen path clear. **d2A1:** CAO (complete matching) must follow from two correct stated paths (so **both** previous M marks

must have been awarded). Accept on a clear diagram (with six arcs only) – note that in (d) there are two correct final APs and complete matchings

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
	uses for (b) and (d):	
Alternatir	g path from C to 2	
	alternating path from C to 2 (or vice-versa) correct alternating path (C – 4 = F – 6 = A – 2) and change of status (stated or show	wn)
In (d) M1 for eith A0 A0	her $E - 6 = F - 4 = C - 5 = D - 3 = B - 1$ or $E - 6 = F - 4 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = D - 3 = C - 5 = C - 5$	= B – 1
Alternatin	g path from E to 2	
	Ilternating path from E to 2 (or vice - versa) correct alternating path $(E - 6 = A - 2)$ and change of status (stated or shown)	
In (d) M1 for eith A0 A0	her $C - 5 = D - 2 = A - 3 = B - 1$ or $C - 5 = D - 3 = B - 1$	
Alternatin	g path from E to 1	
	Iternating path from E to 1 (or vice-versa) correct alternating path $(E - 6 = A - 3 = B - 1)$ and change of status (stated or shown)	
In (d) M1 for eith A0 A0	her $C - 5 = D - 2$ or $C - 5 = D - 3 = A - 2$	
So any of	he Special Cases can score a maximum of three marks (of the six available in (b) an	nd (d))

Question Number	Scheme	Marks		
2. (a)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 (ABCDE)		
	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A1 (FGH) A1ft (KJ)		
	Route: ABDEFHKJ	A1		
	Length: 76 (km)	A1ft (6)		
(b)	Prim: AB, BC; BD, DE	M1; A1 (2)		
(c)	Kruskal: FG, JK, FH, not GH, HK, (not HJ), (not FK), (not GJ)	M1; A1 (2)		
(d)	Total length: 85 (km)	B1 (1)		
	Notes for Question 2	11 marks		
In (a) it is important that all values at each node are checked very carefully – the order of the working values must be correct for the corresponding A mark to be awarded e.g. at E the working values must be 24 22 20 in that order (so 24 20 22 is incorrect) It is also important that the order of labelling is checked carefully – some candidates start with a label of 0 at A (rather than 1) – which is fine. Also the order of labelling must be a strictly increasing sequence – so 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, will be penalised once (see notes below) but 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, is fine. Errors in the final values and working values are penalised before errors in the order of labelling				
or J or K a1A1: All (including a2A1: All labelling of B, C, D ar	larger value replaced by a smaller value in at least two of the working value boxes at values in A, B, C, D and E correct and the working values in the correct order at C g order of labelling). Condone lack of 0 in A's working value values in F, G and H correct and the working values in the correct order. Penalise only once per question (F, G and H must be labelled in that order and F must be labelled in that order and F must be labelled in that order and F must be labelled in the vortex of the second E). Note that an additional working value of 56 at H after the 48 is not an error second other number or 56 48 in this order is incorrect and scores A0 in this part	and E order of elled after A,		

a3A1ft: All values in K and J correct on the follow through and the working values in the correct order. Penalise order of labelling only once per question. To follow through K check that the working value at K follows from the candidate's final values from their feeds into K (which will come from nodes F, H and possibly even J (in the order in which the candidate has labelled them)) and that the final value, and order of

Question Scheme	Marks
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labelling, follows through correctly. Repeat this process for J (which will possibly have working values from G, H and K with the order of these values determined by the candidate's order of labelling at G, H and K)

 $a4A1:\mbox{CAO}$ - correct route (ABDEFHKJ) – not from J to A

a5A1ft: Follow through on their final value at J only (so if 76 given as the answer and the final value at J is not 76 then A0)

b1M1: First two arcs (AB, BC) chosen correctly in order, or first three nodes (ABC) chosen correctly in order. If any rejections seen at any point, or just a list of **all** the arcs in order, or only a list of weights then M0 (condone for M1only those who find the MST for the entire network)

b1A1: CSO (must be considering arcs so must be AB, BC, BD, DE or BA, BC, etc.) – do not isw if candidates continue and find the MST for the entire network

c1M1: First two arcs (FG, JK) chosen correctly in order **and at least one rejection seen at some point** – no marks in this part if candidates apply Kruskal to the entire network or if only a list of weights given **c1A1:** CSO – all selections and rejections correct in the correct order and at the correct time. Note that stating all the arcs in order (e.g. GF, JK, FH, GH, KH, JH, FK, GJ) and then stating only those in the tree in the correct order is fine for both marks in this part

d1B1: CAO (85)

Question Number	Scheme		Marks	
3. (a)	$\frac{132}{42} = 3.14$ so lower bound is 4	M1 A1	(2)	
(b)	Group 1: 8 17 9 7 Group 2: 14 18 10 Group 3: 12 22 Group 4: 15		(2)	
(c)	e.g. middle right e.g. middle left 8 17 9 14 18 12 22 10 15 7 8 17 9 14 18 12 22 10 15 7 17 14 18 22 15 12 8 9 10 7 22 18 8 17 9 14 12 10 15 7 22 18 17 14 15 12 10 8 9 7 22 18 17 15 14 8 9 12 10 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 8 9 10 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7 22 18 17 15 14 12 10 9 8 7	M1 A1 A1ft A1	(4)	
(d)	Group 1: 22 18 Group 2: 17 15 10 Group 3: 14 12 9 7 Group 4: 8	M1 A1	(2)	
(e)	$\begin{array}{l} B(E)C + G(I)H = (11.2 + 14.5) + (8.3 + 17.2) = 51.2* \\ B(F)G + C(EJ)H = (10.3 + 15.2) + (14.5 + 7.5 + 16.2) = 63.7 \\ B(EJ)H + C(EF)G = (11.2 + 7.5 + 16.2) + (14.5 + 4.3 + 15.2) = 68.9 \\ Repeat arcs: BE, CE, GI, HI \end{array}$		(4)	
(f)	Route e.g. ABEBFECEJIFGIGHIHJDCA Length = $227. 2 + 51.2 = 278.4$ (m)	A1 B1 B1ft	(2)	
(g)	Finishing vertex: C Reduction in lengths: $51.2 - (10.3 + 15.2) = 25.7$ (m)	B1 B1	(2)	
	Notes for Question 3	18 mark	S	
	NOTE NO MISREADS IN THIS QUESTION – MARK ACCORDING TO T E SPECIAL CASE FOR ASCENDING IN PART (c)	THE SCHE	EME	
imply this a1A1: CS	empt to find the lower bound $(132\pm22)/42$ (a value of 3.14 (or better) seen with mark) O - correct calculation seen or 3.14 followed by 4 – accept 3.1 if correct calculation 4 with no working scores M0A0			

b1M1: First six items placed correctly and at least eight items placed in bins – condone cumulative totals for M1 only (the values in bold) **b1A1:** CSO (so no additional/repeated values)

c1M1: Quick sort, pivot, p, chosen (must be choosing middle left or right – choosing first/last item as the pivot is M0). After the first pass the list must read (values greater than the pivot), pivot, (values less that the pivot). **If only choosing one pivot per iteration then M1 only**

c1A1: First pass correct **and** next pivots chosen correctly for the second pass (but the second pass does not need to be correct) – so they must be choosing (if middle right) a pivot values of 18 and 10 for the second pass or (if middle left) a pivot value of 14

Question Number	Sch	eme Marks
c2A1ft: Set not need to c3A1: CSC	be choosing a pivot for the fourth pass for (correct solution only – all previous mat	bugh from their first pass and choice of pivots). They do for this mark rks in this part must have been awarded) including if pivots or if middle left a fifth pass with the 8 used as a
Sorting list	t into ascending order in (c)	
sco If las act No co as	bre full marks in (c) the list is not reversed in (c) but stated in at two A marks earned in (c). If the candid tually show the reversed list in (c) then re- to that if sorting into ascending order uld be shown by the final list being re-	order and reverses the list in this part then this can ascending or descending order in (d) then remove the date says that the list needs reversing in (c) but does no emove the last A mark earned then a 'sort complete' statement is required – this written or 'sorted' statement or each item being use that the final list would have been written twice)
0	ht ascending ort complete statement– see above)	Middle left ascending (requires sort complete statement – see above)
8 <u>9</u> 7 1 8 <u>7</u> 9 1	14 18 $\underline{12}$ 22 10 15 7 7 12 17 14 $\underline{18}$ 22 15 10 12 17 $\underline{14}$ 15 18 22 10 12 14 17 $\underline{15}$ 18 22 10 12 14 17 $\underline{15}$ 18 22 10 12 14 15 17 18 22	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
for M1 only	at six items placed correctly and at least e y (the values in bold)) (so no additional/repeated values)	ight items placed in bins – condone cumulative totals
e1A1: Any e2A1: All t	-	totals
A(2), B(2), f2B1ft: For	C(2), D(1), E(3), F(2), G(2), H(2), I(3),	g and ending at A, BE, CE, GI and HI appearing twice J(2)) oice of at least two totals seen in (e) – this mark is
-	D(25.7) – note that the correct answer cal	n come from incorrect working e.g. $11.2 + 14.5 = 25.7$

g2B1: CAO (25.7) – note that the correct answer can come from incorrect working e.g. 11.2 + 14.5 = 25.7 is B0 (just adding BE and EC together) so this answer need to be checked carefully – correct method is 51.2 - (10.3 + 15.2) (subtracting BF and FG from 51.2) but give bod on a correct answer of 25.7 with no working

	Notes for Question 4		
		12 mark	S
(e)	x = 10	B1	(1)
	The late event time at event 7 would then be either 15 or $9 + x$	A1	(3)
(d)	The early event time at event 7 is (the larger of) 12 or $9 + x$	M1 A1	
(0)	Critical activities: A, D, I and M	B1	(2
(c)	Minimum completion time: 26 (hours)	B1	
(ii) (b)	The dummy from event 6 to event 7 is required as otherwise activities J and K (which both begin at event 4) would end at the same event $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1	(2
4. (a)(i)	The dummy from event 2 to event 3 is required because activity F (or G) relies on activity A and B but activity D (or E) relies on activity A only The dummu from event 6 to event 7 is required as otherwise activities L and K		
Question Number	Scheme		KS .

In (a) any use of the terms 'activity' and 'event' must be correct

ai1B1: CAO dependency - all relevant activities must be referred to - activities A and B and one of D or E and one of F or G (so four activities) must be mentioned

aii1B1: CAO uniqueness – please note that, for example, 'so that activities can be defined uniquely' is not sufficient to earn this mark. There must be some mention of describing activities in terms of the event at each end. However, give bod on statements that imply that an activity begins and ends at the same event (for this mark candidates do not need to explicitly mention activities J and K)

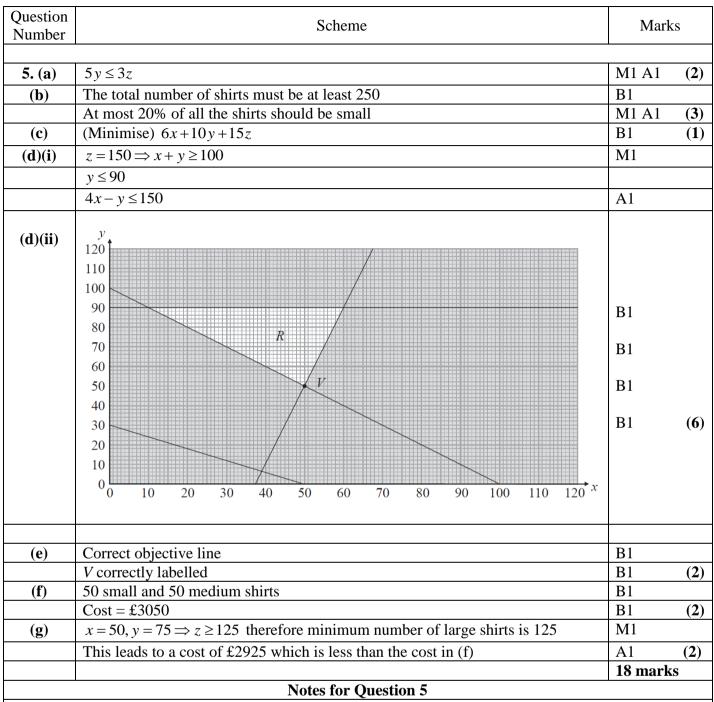
b1M1: All top boxes complete, values in the top boxes generally increasing in the direction of the arrows ('left to right'), condone one 'rogue' value (if values do not increase in the direction of the arrows then if one value is ignored and then the values do increase in the direction of the arrows then this is considered to be only one rogue value)

b1A1: CAO for the top boxes

b2M1: All bottom boxes complete, values generally decreasing in the opposite direction of the arrows ('right to left'), condone one rogue. Condone missing 0 and/or their 26 (at the end event) for the M only **b2A1:** CAO for the bottom boxes

c1B1: CAO (26) **c2B1:** CAO (A, D, I and M only)

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
di1A1: Bo	ne of 12 or $9 + x$ as the early event time for event 7 oth correct answers 12, $9 + x$ (A0 if 'linked' in some way e.g. $12 > 9 + x$ but bod for oth correct answers of 15, $9 + x$ for the late event time for event 7	the M mark)	
e1B1: CAO (10)			



a1M1: Correct method: $5_{y\square}3_z$ where \square is any inequality or equals. An exact equivalent answer (with or without integer coefficients) can score M1 or M1 for $3_y \le 5_z$ only

a1A1: CAO (or equivalent e.g. $k(5y \le 3z)$ where k is any positive integer only)

b1B1: CAO oe e.g. the minimum number of shirts is 250 is fine for this mark (note that they must imply that the total number (and not one particular brand of shirt) is **at least** 250)

b1M1: Three of 'at most', '20%', 'all' and 'small' (allow equivalents e.g. fifth or 0.2 for 20%) allow those who imply 'all' provided that it is clear that they aren't talking about one particular brand only **b1A1:** CAO (o.e. e.g. the number of small shirts is less than or equal to a fifth of the total number of shirts, the number of small shirts is at most 20% of all the shirts sold) – give bod of these that clearly imply 'all' provided that they aren't talking about only one particular brand. Do not allow statements which contain use of 0.2 for this mark, e.g. the number of small shirts is at most 0.2 of all the shirts is A0

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
c1B1: Exp	The residue correct (or $600x + 1000y + 1500z$)	
di1M1: Eli	minating z from all their inequalities by using the substitution $z = 150 - \text{accept unit}$	simplified
(e.g. $x + y - y - y - y - y - y - y - y - y - y$	$+150 \ge 250, x \le 0.2(x+y+150)$ and their $5y \le 3(150)$)	
di1A1: CA	O e.g. $x + y \ge 100, 4x \le y + 150, 5y \le 450$ (oe) - all constraints must be correct with	integer
coefficients	s but allow positive multiplies – ignore $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ but any other additional constra	ints is A0 –
allow recov	very in this part if $y \le 90$ (oe) seen in (d) even if their $5y \le 3z$ is incorrect in (a)	
	s must be long enough to define the correct feasible region and would pass through he points stated:	one small
y = 90 mus	must pass within one small square of its intersection with the axes $-(0, 100)$ and st pass within one small square of its intersection with the <i>y</i> -axis and (60, 90) 0 must pass within one small square of (37.5, 0) and (60, 90)	(100, 0)
dii2B1: An dii3B1: All dii4B1: Re	y one line correctly drawn y two lines correctly drawn l three lines correctly drawn gion, <i>R</i> , correctly labelled – not just implied by shading – dependent on scoring the marks in this part	e three
one small s e2B1: <i>V</i> co	ving the correct objective line on the graph with gradient of -0.6 . Line must be cor quare if extended from axis to axis. If line is shorter than $(0, 6)$ to $(10, 0)$ then B0 rrectly labelled – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in 1 at least B1B1B1B0) and the previous B mark in (e)	
dependent of B mark (for f2B1: CAC (d) (so must	D – must be in context (50 small and 50 medium and not for $x = y = 50$) note that the on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d) is a correct objective line) in (e) D (3050) – units not required - note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible thave scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective if stated/seen in (g))) and the first le region in
seen but M	stitute to obtain the correct value for z of 125 (accept $z \ge 125$ or $>$) – if no method 0 if 125 found but a different value of z stated and subsequently used rect cost (2925) and dependent on the final B mark in (f)	d allow 125

Question Number	Scheme		
6.(a)	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 A1 A1 A1	(5)
(b)	Critical path: $A - E - K$	B1	(1)
(c)	First critical path: $C - H - I - M$	B1	
	Second critical path: $C - H - I - L$	B1	(2)
Notes for Question 6			

Condone lack of, or incorrect, numbered events throughout. 'Dealt with correctly' means that the activity starts from the correct event but need not necessarily finishes at the correct event, e.g. 'F dealt with correctly' requires the correct precedences for this activity, i.e. A, B and C labelled correctly and leading into the same node and F starting from that node but do not consider the end event for F. Activity on node is M0

If an arc is not labelled, for example, if the arc for activity G is not labelled (but the arc is present) then this will lose the second A mark and the final (CSO) A mark – they can still earn the third A mark on the bod. If two or more arcs are not labelled then mark according to the scheme. Assume that a solid line is an activity which has not been labelled rather than a dummy (even if in the correct place for where a dummy should be)

Ignore incorrect or lack of arrows on the activities for the first four marks only

a1M1: At least eight activities (labelled on arc), one start and at least two dummies placed **a1A1:** Activities A, B, C, first two dummies (+ correct arrows on these two dummies) and D dealt with correctly – the first two dummies are those that meet at the end of activity B

a2A1: Activities E, F, G, H and I dealt with correctly

a3A1: Activities J, K, L and M and 3rd dummy (+ correct arrow on this dummy) dealt with correctly – the 3^{rd} dummy is the one that begins at the end of activity G

a4A1: CSO – Final dummy + arrow, all arrows correctly placed for each activity with one finish and no additional dummies. Note that this is not a unique solution e.g. J and K could be interchanged, or the dummy could come immediately after E, etc. so please check these carefully. **Please check all arcs carefully for arrows – if there are no arrows on dummies then M1 only**.

Note that additional (but unnecessary) 'correct' dummies that still maintain precedence for the network should only be penalised with the final A mark if earned

b1B1: CAO (A, E and K only)

c1B1: One correct path (with at most three paths stated) **c2B1:** Both correct with no others

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